

# 30th meeting of the Contact Persons of the European Globalisation Adjustment Fund for Displaced Workers (EGF)

Düsseldorf, 28 November 2024



# 1. Introduction

# Ms Riikka Torppa

European Commission, Head of Unit DG EMPL G.2

# Ms Lena Clemens

Bundesagentur für Arbeit, Regionaldirektion NRW



# 1. Adoption of the agenda

9:15 - 9:30

1. Introduction and adoption of the agenda

9:30 - 9:50

- 2. Update on EGF since the last Contact Persons Meeting
  - New topics:
    - a. Update to FAQs: Simplified Cost Options
    - b. Oversea territories
  - Final reports, closures and recoveries
  - · Applications received
  - Applications planned (tour de table)

9:50 - 10:05

3. Recent restructuring trends and transformations in the automotive sector - presentation by Chiara Litardi, Eurofound

10:05 - 11:00

4. Mid-term evaluation of the EGF 2021-2027

11:00 - 11:30 Coffee break

11:30 - 12:40

Digital skills

5.1 Impact of digitalisation in the world of work - presentation by Chiara Litardi, Eurofound

5.2 EU policy framework and initiatives on digital skills for the labour market – presentation by Melina Tasiovasilis, DG EMPL B.3

5.3 Social innovation: a key tool to bridge the digital skill gappresentation by Mihai Palimariciuc, DG EMPL F.3

5.4 Digital Skills measures in practice – experience and lessons learned from EGF cases (Belgium and Spain)

12:40 - 13:00

Member States' communication activities and planned events, Next EGF Contact Persons meeting, AOB and wrap-up of the meeting



# 2. Update on EGF since the last Contact Persons Meeting

- Update to FAQs : Simplified Cost Options and Overseas countries and territories
- 2) Final reports, closures and recoveries
- 3) Applications received since 5 October 2023
- 4) Applications planned (tour de table)



# 2.1.a Update to FAQs: Simplified Cost Options

The use of SCOs is covered by EGF FAQs 8.25-8.27

EGF Regulation does not make any explicit reference to the use of SCOs.

## **BUT**

Article 17(3) of the EGF Regulation can be read as it allowed for SCOs, if this use is clearly stipulated in the decision on the financial contribution.



2.1.a Update to FAQs: Simplified Cost Options

Remember that

a SCO adopted in other funds (such the ESF/ESF+) cannot be automatically applied to EGF cases,

# **BUT**

the rates of such SCO might be used in the EGF, if described in the application.



# 2.1.a Update to FAQs: Simplified Cost Options

Is it **NOT** possible to opt for using SCOs retroactively.

If the use of a SCO was not foreseen at application stage, there is no way to add it at a later stage, the way new measures may be added.

# Why?

The detailed terms of the EGF financing are determined by the Commission in the Decision on a financial contribution (Art. 17.3).

Such decision can be amended only to add additional measures, as provided in Art. 17.4



## 2.1.b Overseas Countries and Territories





#### 2.1.b Overseas Countries and Territories

 Council Decision (EU) 2021/1764 of 5 October 2021 on the association of the Overseas Countries and Territories



OCTs are to benefit from all Union programmes and instruments unless differently provided for in the respective legislation



#### 2.1.b Overseas Countries and Territories



OCTs not excluded from EGF assistance

 OCTs could qualify under Art. 4(2), point (a), of the EGF Regulation or under the explicit derogations set out in Articles 4(3) and (4)



- 2.2 Final reports, closures and recoveries
- 2.2.1 Final reports received between 5 October 2023 and 27 November 2024

No	Case reference	MS	Case title	Final Report deadline	EGF Contribution granted in EUR
1	EGF/2021/001	ES	Pais Vasco metal	25.06.2024	1.214.607
2	EGF/2021/002	IT	Air Italy	17.07.2024	3.874.640
3	EGF/2021/003	ΙΤ	Porto Canale	17.07.2024	1.493.407
4	EGF/2021/004	ES	Aragon automotive	17.07.2024	1.404.863
5	EGF/2021/005	FR	Airbus	17.09.2024	3.745.264
6	EGF/2021/006	ES	Cataluña automotive	09.10.2024	2.795.156
7	EGF/2021/007	FR	Selecta	25.10.2024	1.977.200



#### 2.2.2 Closures between 5 October 2023 and 27 November 2024

Case reference	MS	Case Title
EGF/2020/007	FI	Finnair



#### 2.2.3 Recoveries between 5 October 2023 and 27 November 2024

No	Case reference	MS	Case title	EGF amounted granted	Recovery (in EUR)	Recovery rate
1	EGF/2020/002	EE	Estonia Tourism	4.474.480	2.824.542,43	63%
2	EGF/2020/003	DE	GMH Guss	1.081.706	473.186,48	44%
3	EGF/2020/004	NL	KLM	5.019.218	5.019.218	100%
4	EGF/2020/005	BE	Swissport	3.719.224	2.583.527,20	69%
5	EGF/2021/001	ES	Pais Vasco metal	1.214.607	1.039.519,30	85%
6	EGF/2021/002	IT	Air Italy	3.874.640	2.273.838,15	58%
7	EGF/2021/003	IT	Porto Canale	1.493.407	472.045,35	31%
8	EGF/2021/004	ES	Aragon automotive	1.404.863	694.008,95	49%
			TOTAL:	22.282.145	15.379.885,86	



#### 2.3 Applications received since 5 October 2023

EGF reference	MS	Case title	Sector in short denomination	Date of application	Reason	EGF contrib ution ( in Euro) request ed	Number of targeted workers	Deadline EC adoption
EGF/2023/003	DE	Vallourec	Basic metals	15.11.23	Trade	2.828.223	835	08.03.24
EGF/2023/004	DK	Danish Crown	Food products	06.12.23	Corporate crisis	1.882.212	390	25.03.24
EGF/2024/001	BE	Match	Wholesale trade	03.06.24	Corporate crisis	2.661.564	365	17.09.24
EGF/2024/002	BE	Limburg machinery and paper	Machinery equipment & paper	19.07.24	Sector overcapacity (paper) / decline in demand (radiators)	704.135	632	05.12.24
EGF/2024/004	BE	Van Hool	Automotive industry	29.10.24		5.671.445	2399	t.b.d.



2.4 Applications planned – tour de table



# 3. Recent restructuring trends, and transformations in the automotive sector

# presentation by Chiara Litardi, Eurofound

# Recent restructuring trends and transformations in the automotive sector

Chiara Litardi, Research officer Employment unit

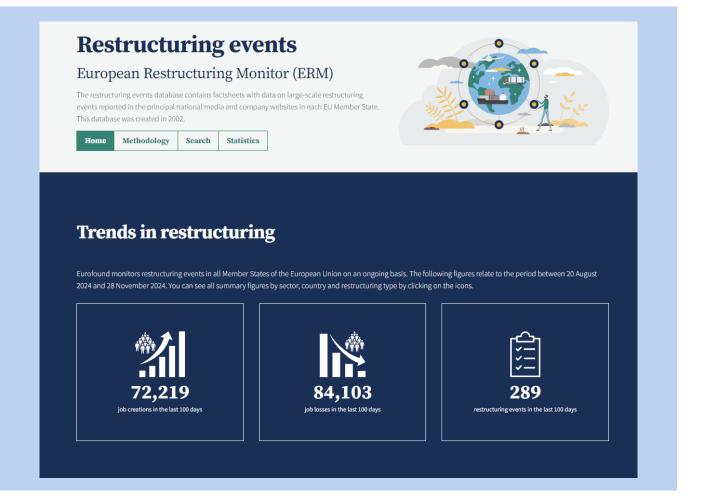
EGF+ Annual meeting 28 November 2024



# **European Restructuring Monitor**

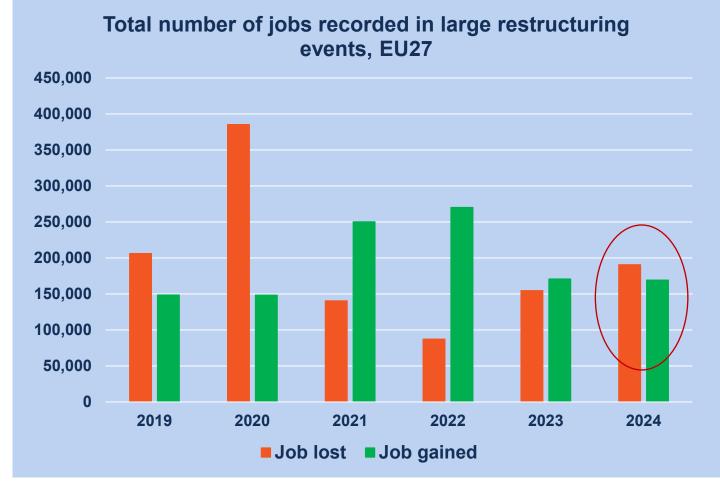
- Over 30,000 events recorded since 2002
- Network of correspondents (EU 27 + NO)
- Restructuring events included:
  - creating/reducing > 100 jobs or
  - affecting > 10% of the workforce (in sites employing 250+)

https://apps.eurofound.europa.eu/restructuring-events





# Slow-down in job creation in 2024





The sectors with the largest recorded number of jobs lost in 2024 are:

- manufacturing,
- transportation / storage,
- retail

Sectors with the largest recorded number of job creation in 2024 are:

- · manufacturing,
- transportation / storage,
- utility



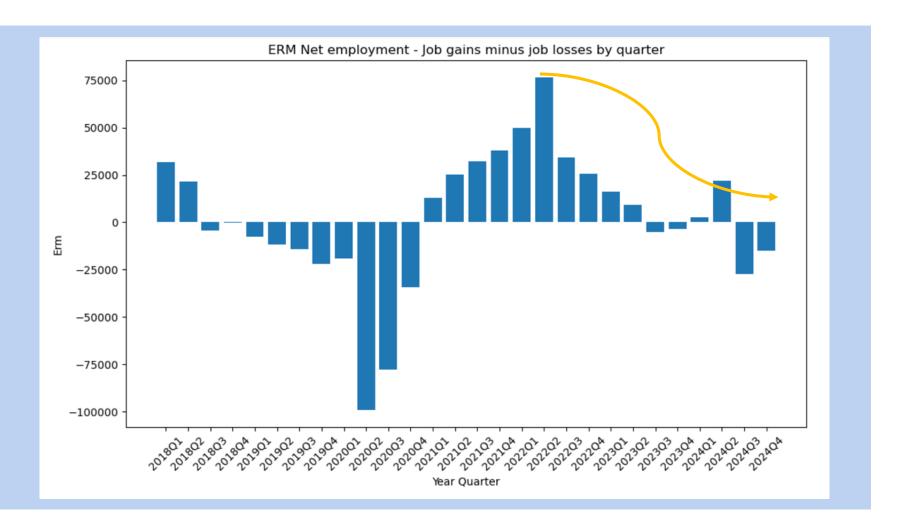
Source: ERM, <a href="https://apps.eurofound.europa.eu/restructuring-events">https://apps.eurofound.europa.eu/restructuring-events</a>

Note: data until 20 November 2024, EU27



# **Net employment:**

Is labour market stalling?

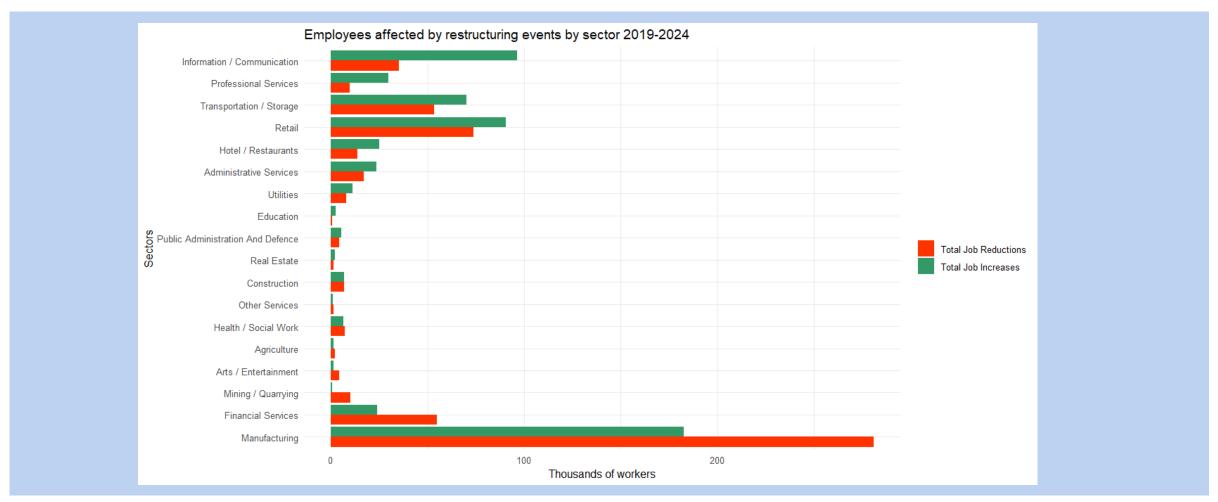


Source: ERM

Note: data until 20 November 2024, EU27



# Restructuring by sector in the last 5 years



Source: ERM

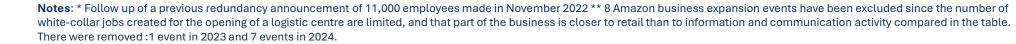
Note: data until 30 September 2024, EU27



# Restructuring trends in the big tech

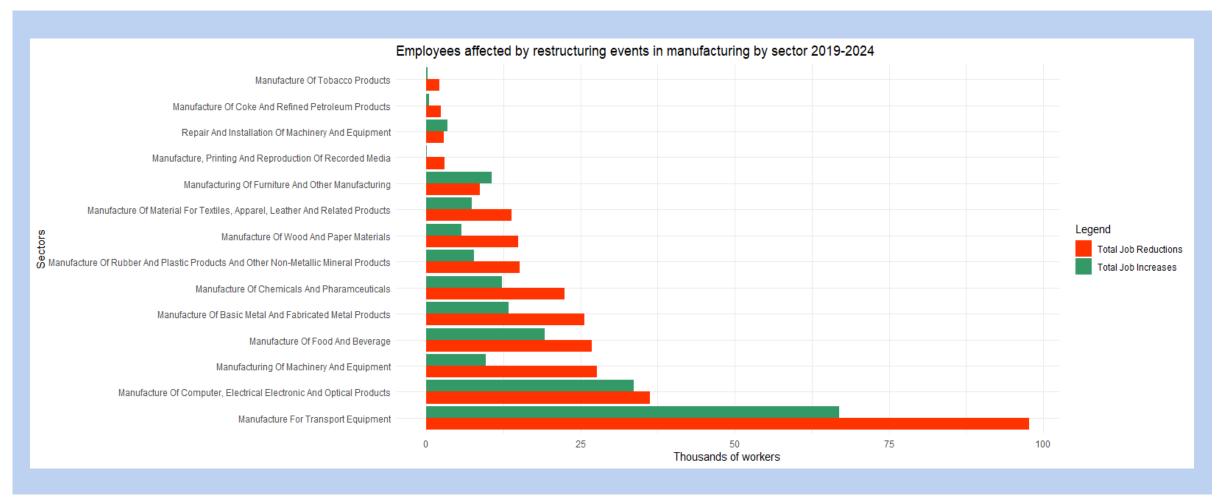
		2023				2024	
Countries	Company	Job effects	Reason	Countries	Company	Job effects	Reason
IE, other EU and US	Meta*	- 10,000	Cost saving and meeting the targets	FR	<u>Meta</u>	- 94	Cost saving
DE	Amazon **	- 600	Closing a logistic centre	FR, other EU and US	<u>Salesforce</u>	- 700	Cost saving
EU and US	<u>Amazon</u>	- 9,000	Cost saving and over hiring	IE, other EU and US	<u>Microsoft</u>	- 1,900	Merge with another company
EU and US	<u>Amazon</u>	- 18,000	Cost saving and over hiring	RO	<u>Microsoft</u>	+ 400	Economic potential and availability of qualified staff on local market
IE, other EU and US	<u>Salesforce</u>	- 7,900	Cost saving	IE	<u>Microsoft</u>	+ 550	Developing artificial intelligence (AI) and cybersecurity products and services
FR, IE, PT, US and UK	Microsoft_	- 10,000	Reduction in demand				
IE, other EU and US	Google	- 12,000	Cost saving and meeting the targets				

Source: ERM





# Restructuring trends of the past 5 years in manufacturing

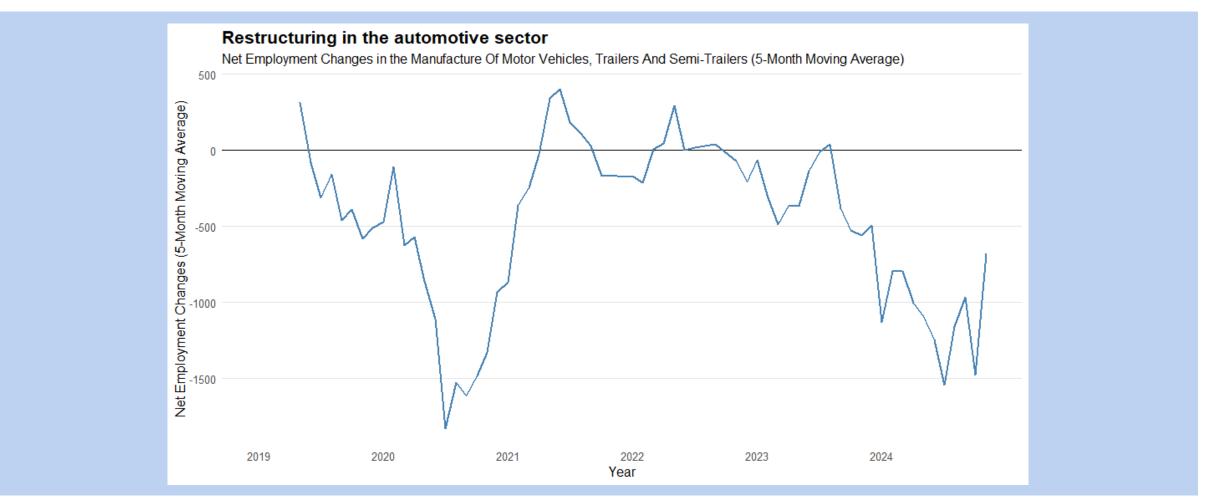


Source: ERM

Note: data until 20 November 2024, EU27



# Restructuring trends in Automotive



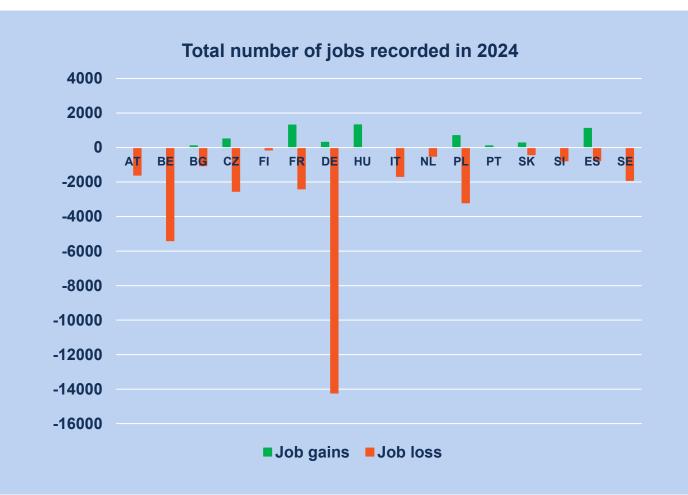
Source: ERM

Note: data until 20 November 2024, EU27



# Restructuring trends in car manufacturing

	Number of announcements	Job loss	Job gains
Austria	6	1600	0
Belgium	4	5396	0
Bulgaria	2	1050	101
Czechia	5	2530	500
Finland	1	140	0
France	13	2398	1300
Germany	21	14225	300
Hungary	3	0	1310
Italy	2	1670	0
Netherlands	2	500	0
Poland	14	3199	690
Portugal	1	0	100
Slovakia	4	407	270
Slovenia	2	770	0
Spain	4	761	1107
Sweden	3	1900	0
EU27	93	39706	5727

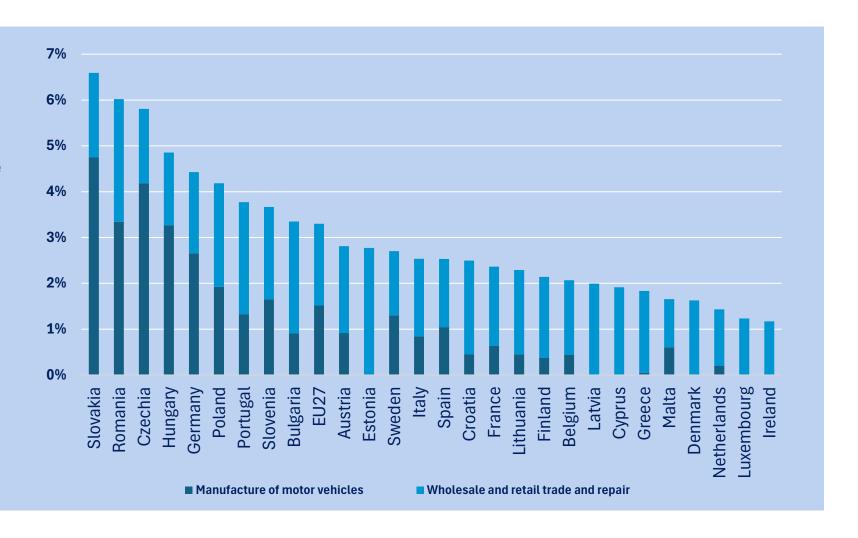


Source: ERM



# Share of automotive sector in total employment

- Automotive is in all countries in Europe (manufacturing & retail)
- Direct manufacturing jobs are most numerous in Germany their number is higher than in France, Italy, Poland taken together (based on ACEA)



Source: Labour Force Survey



# Thank you

Chiara.litardi@eurofound.europa.eu





Requirement Art. 22 a) of Regulation (EU) 2021/691

On its own initiative and in close cooperation with the Member States, the Commission shall carry out a mid-term evaluation by 30 June 2025.

- In line with the Better Regulation Guidelines
  - →5 criteria evaluated: <u>the effectiveness</u>, <u>efficiency</u>, <u>coherence</u>,
     relevance and EU added value.



#### Purpose

- To assess how and to what extent the Fund achieved its objectives, to the extent possible.
- Focus on the changes introduced for the EGF 2021-2027, as the uptake of the Fund is currently low.

#### Scope

- <u>18 EGF applications</u> submitted during 2021-2024 by 7 Member States: BE (6), DK (1), DE (1), EL (1), ES (4), FR (3) and IT (2)
- <u>7 EGF final reports</u> and <u>7 EGF beneficiary surveys</u> submitted until end 2024.



## **Timeline**

**Call for Evidence** 

02 August – 6 September 2024 Networking seminar

10 October 2024

Targeted interviews and consultations
Q4 2024

Contact Persons Meeting 27-28 November 2024

Drafting COM Report and SWD Q1 2025 Approval of COM Report and SWD Q2 2025

**Publication** by

30 June 2025



#### **EFFECTIVENESS** at instrument level:

The **objectives of the EGF** are to demonstrate solidarity towards workers made redundant and to ensure for each EGF case that the largest possible number of beneficiaries find sustainable employment as soon as possible.

#### Use of EGF :

18 applications submitted between 2021 – Nov 2024.

2021 (8); 2022 (3); 2023 (4); 2024 (3)

### **Evaluation questions:**

- Clear/unclear EGF objectives ?
- EGF awareness?
- factors encouraging/ hindering from applying for EGF?



# 4. Mid-term evaluation EGF 2021-27 EFFECTIVENESS at instrument level:

- **Broadened scope** of the EGF 2021-2027 to cover job displacements resulting from any major restructuring events, in particular those caused by challenges related to globalisation, *such as* changes in world trade patterns, trade disputes, significant changes in the trade relations of the Union or the composition of the internal market and financial or economic crises, the transition to a low-carbon economy, or as a consequence of digitisation or automation, etc.
- EGF applications 2021-2024 making use of the broadened scope for job displacements resulting from:
  - Corporate crisis (4) Company takeover (1)
  - Trade & prices of energy and raw materials (1)
  - Sector overcapacity/ electricity prices and commitment to emissions targets (1)
- Does it make the EGF fairer and more inclusive? more flexible and responsive? more accessible?



#### **EFFECTIVENESS** at instrument level:

- Modified intervention criteria of the EGF:
  - decreased threshold of displacements from 500 to 200
  - different conditions for the reference period :
    - a. At least 200 displaced workers (or self-employed persons' activity ceasing) over a reference period of 4 months in an enterprise in a Member State;
    - b. At least 200 displaced workers (or self-employed persons activity ceasing) over a reference period of 6 months in enterprises, especially SMEs that belong to the same sectors in one or two adjoining regions;
    - c. At least 200 displaced workers (or self-employed persons' activity ceasing) over a reference period of 4 months in enterprises, especially SMEs that belong to the same of different sectors in the same region. → NEW → used for 1 EGF application from Belgium.
  - → ..... appropriate and useful for the objectives of the Fund?
  - → ......make the EGF more accessible?



#### **EFFECTIVENESS** at instrument level:

- Modified EU or national procedures. The main procedural changes were:
  - a. Deadlines are calculated in working days instead of calendar days.
  - b. Shorter deadlines:
    - a. for Commission: 50 working days instead of 12 weeks (2014-2020) to complete its assessment of the application;
    - b. for Member States: 15 working days instead of 6 weeks to reply to Commission request for additional information.
  - c. Start of the 24 month-period when Commission is notified of the adoption by the European Parliament and Council. This results in a full 24-month implementation period for all Member States. Before 2021, this was not the case for those whose national legislation prevented an early start of the measures before the decision on the mobilisation of the EGF. In 21-27, the flexibility to start implementation earlier at own risk is, and thus stretch implementation beyond 24 months, is retained.
  - → ..... ensure a swift and resource saving decision-making process ?
  - → .....and a quick implementation?



- Statistics on modified EU procedures:
  - COM adoption timeframe:
    - 2021-2027 50 working days to complete its assessment of the application;
      - Deadline respected for all 17 applications adopted during 2021-2024;
      - 14/17 applications COM adoption was earlier than its deadline, on average with 6 days ( between 1 day to 30 calendar days earlier).
    - 2014- 2020 12 weeks to complete its assessment of the application;
  - Improved time for the approval of the European Parliament and Council:
    - 2021-2024 on average 42 calendar days (6 weeks)
    - 2014-2020 on average 63 calendar days (about 9 weeks)



#### **EFFICIENCY** at instrument level:

- → the <u>simplified application procedure</u> (no need to demonstrate that the redundancies are linked to the effects of globalisation or an economic and financial crisis)
- The absorption rate varies significantly between cases, sectors and Member States:
  - □ For 6 EGF cases from 2021 the average absorption rate was 63%, with the lowest being 7% and the highest 98%
  - □ For 46 <u>EGF cases 2014-2020</u> the average absorption rate was 59%, lowest being 2% and the highest 100%



#### **COHERENCE** at instrument level:

- .... coherence with other European Union programmes and national instruments?
- ....ensure the complementarity / prevented overlap of EGF support with other European Union instruments, such as the European Social Fund Plus, the Recovery and Resilience Facility or national instruments in Member States?

#### Examples from the **2014-2020 ex post evaluation** shows that:

- Complementarity with ESF: e.g. In Finland, Ireland and Germany for instance, the same client register of the PES is used to ensure persons cannot benefit from both the EGF and the ESF (and national measures) at the same time;
- synergies were sought with EURES (part of the EaSI programme) to improve labour mobility;
- the EGF intervention was a part of a wider policy framework aimed at minimising the consequences of mass redundancies in a region.



#### EU ADDED VALUE

European added value is the value that an EU action adds through EU policy, regulation, legal instruments and spending, over and above that created by Member States acting alone.

*Is there an additional value of a Union intervention?* 

- 1. What is the EU added value of the EGF intervention?
- 2. To what extent does the support offered by the EGF replace or complement measures or allowances which the Member State would provide in the absence of EGF funding?



**Findings from the 2014-2020 ex post evaluation** showed that the EGF adds value in six key ways:

- 1. By making it possible for a **larger number** of workers, self-employed and/or young persons to be helped in finding a (new) job, by **increasing the financial support** available to help those people;
- 2. By providing **more intensive, targeted support** than national measures, because of the resources required to assess needs and provide individualised support;
- 3. By **expanding the group of persons** benefiting from active labour market measures national measures often target only persons that have been unemployed for a long period of time (e.g. six months to a year), while EGF eligibility applies to all of those who lost their jobs;
- 4. By enabling Member States to **offer support measures they normally cannot** provide, such as training courses for just two or three participants, or financial incentives to start a business;
- 5. By encouraging **experimentation with innovative measures** that are subsequently mainstreamed at national or regional level; and
- 6. By strengthening or intensifying **partnerships between stakeholders** (e.g. governmental bodies and workers' organisations or training providers) that continue to exist beyond the EGF project.



What are your suggestions for the EGF's further improvement?



### **SLIDO** for all participants

www.slido.com

Code: 3526846



### 30th Contact Persons Meeting 28/11 /2024, Düsseldorf, Germany

25 - 30 Nov 2024

Poll results



#### **Table of contents**

- 1 a. Does the broadened scope of the EGF better reflect the economic realities and needs?
- 1 b. Does the broadened scope make the EGF more accessible?
- 2. Do the changes introduced in the 2021-2027 period improve the EGF's efficiency? (e.g. simplified application procedure)
- 3. How can the EGF be further improved? (free text answer; anonymous)



### 1 a. Does the broadened scope of the EGF better reflect the economic realities and needs?





### 1 b. Does the broadened scope make the EGF more accessible?





### 2. Do the changes introduced in the 2021-2027 period improve the EGF's efficiency? (e.g. simplified application procedure)





### 3. How can the EGF be further improved? (free text answer; anonymous) (1/2)



- Guidance on use of sco.
- It should be integrated into ESF
- Shorter timeliness might help.
- Capacity building
- More simplifation costs allowed.
- Dismiss ECAS requirements for participant's evaluation
- decreace trashold of displasment even more
- Let the EGF continue as a separate fund for more visibility
- Keep trying to make it simplier it is continuos process...
- Capacity for project elaboration should be supported maybe

throug crossfinancing from esf+.

Main hinderance of egf, that those eho can put together a project are currently working in esf plusnprojects

- I am lacking the experience to do any suggestions regarding further improvements
- Facilitating the filling in of the EGF form.
- Maybe reducing the time between the EC approval and the EP final decision
- Integrate EGF into the ESF. Apply
   FNLC and enhance the use of SCO

### 3. How can the EGF be further improved? (free text answer; anonymous) (2/2)



 Simplified procedures for even quicker decision making by EU Commission





## Tour de table for CZ, EE, IE, HR, LV, LT, HU, NL, PL, SK, FI and SE

What are the reasons for not applying for the EGF during the current programming period 2021-2027?



### 11:00 - 11:30





### 5. Digital Skills



### 5. Digital Skills

5.1 Impact of digitalisation in the world of work

presentation by Chiara Litardi, Eurofound

### Impact of digitalisation in the world of work

Chiara Litardi, Research officer Employment unit

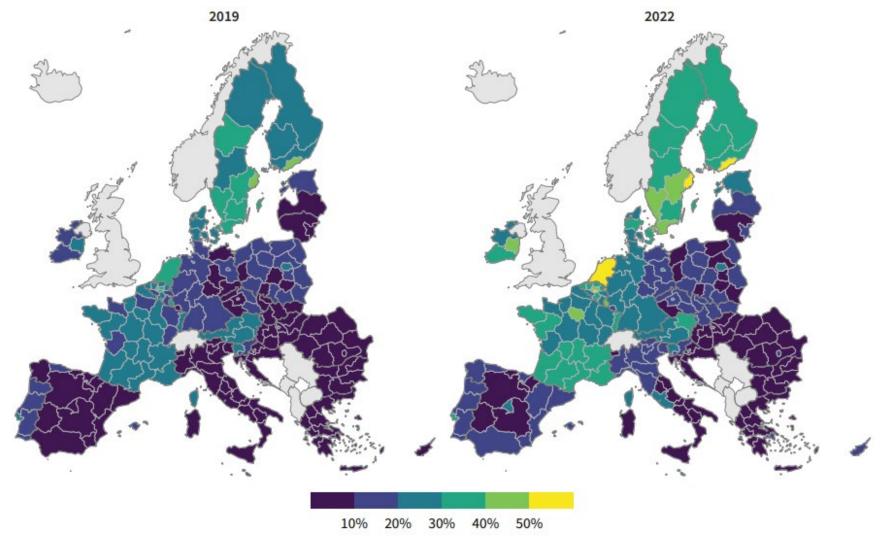
EGF+ Annual meeting 28 November 2024



### New digitally-enabled normality



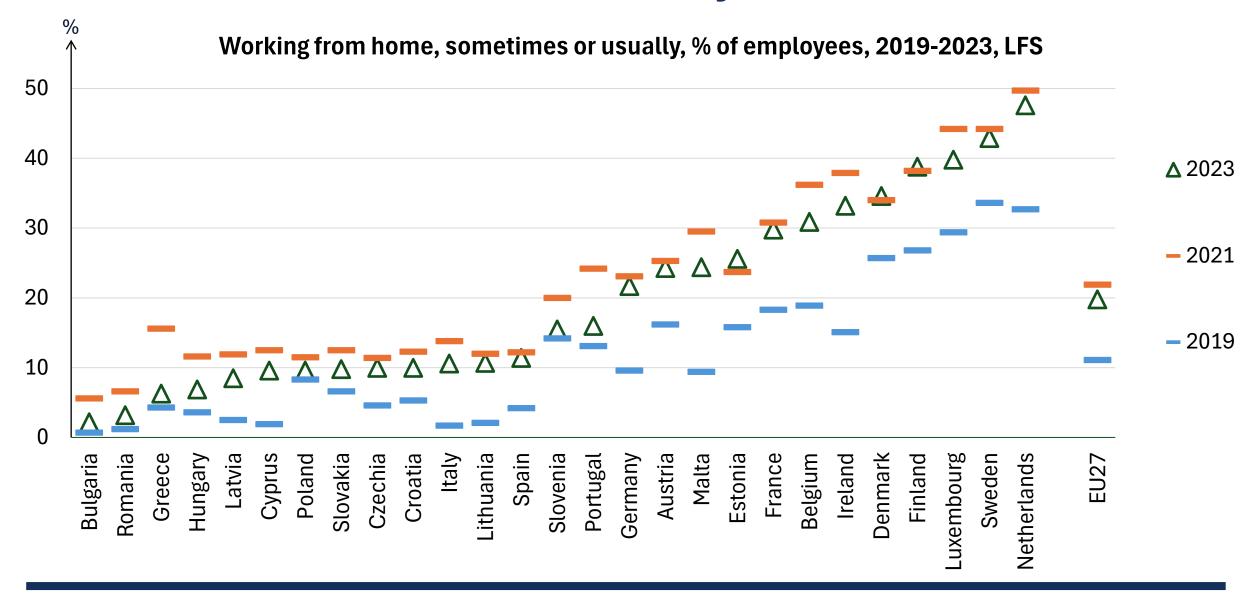
### Share of workers teleworking by NUTS regions, EU27



Note: Regions are NUTS 2 where available; Austria and Germany are NUTS 1; the Netherlands is NUTS 0.



### Trends in telework / teleworkability: stabilisation?





'I would like you to focus on the impact of digitalisation in the world of work' – EC President's mission letter to R.Minzatu

### What is next on policy agenda:

- The Platform Work Directive will come into force and will have to be implemented
- Initiative on algorithmic management
- Introducing the right to disconnect

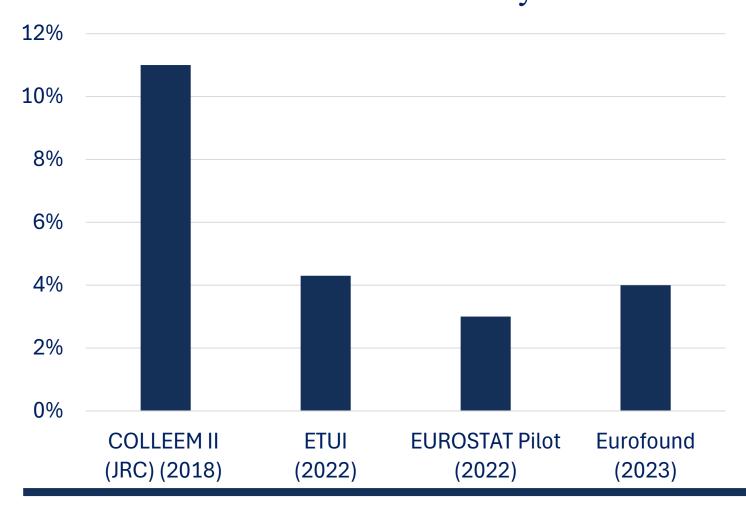
# Platform economy database

Relevant resource for policy makers and legislators – it provides information on 393 initiatives and court cases - geographical scope, year, type of initiative, actors involved, sector and companies concerned





### Prevalence of platform work (% of working age people) EU - different surveys



Forthcoming results by EF & ELA in 2025

### Survey on platform work of online workers:

- Who performs online platform work and why?
- Which platforms?
- Work intensity, working time, pay?
- Work management, role of algorithms
- Information needs (e.g. on legislation, taxation, contacts with colleagues)

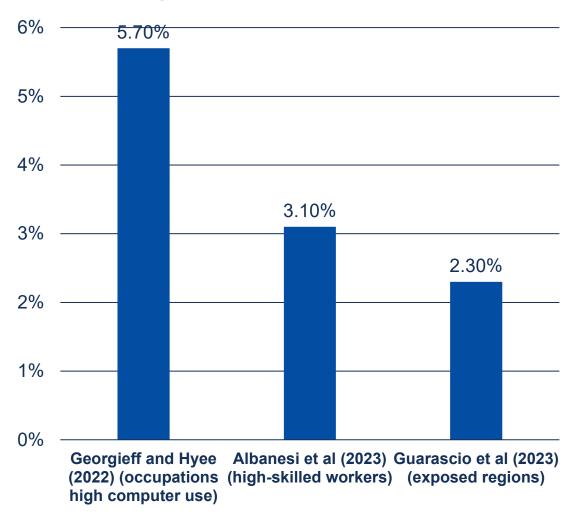




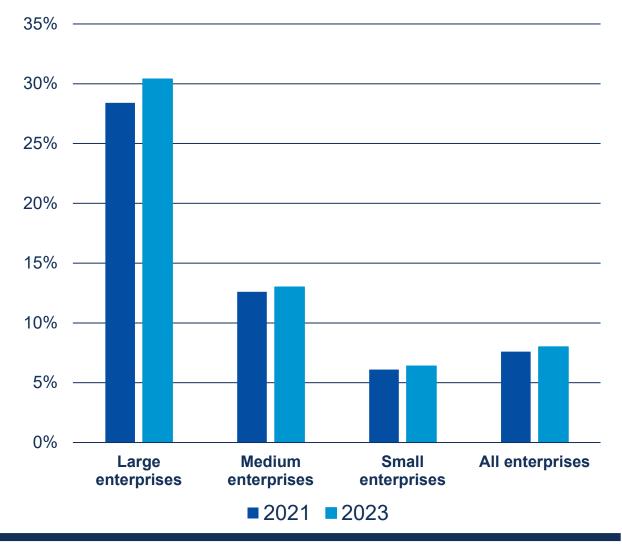
Al and the future of work



### Al employment effects are relatively small, but positive

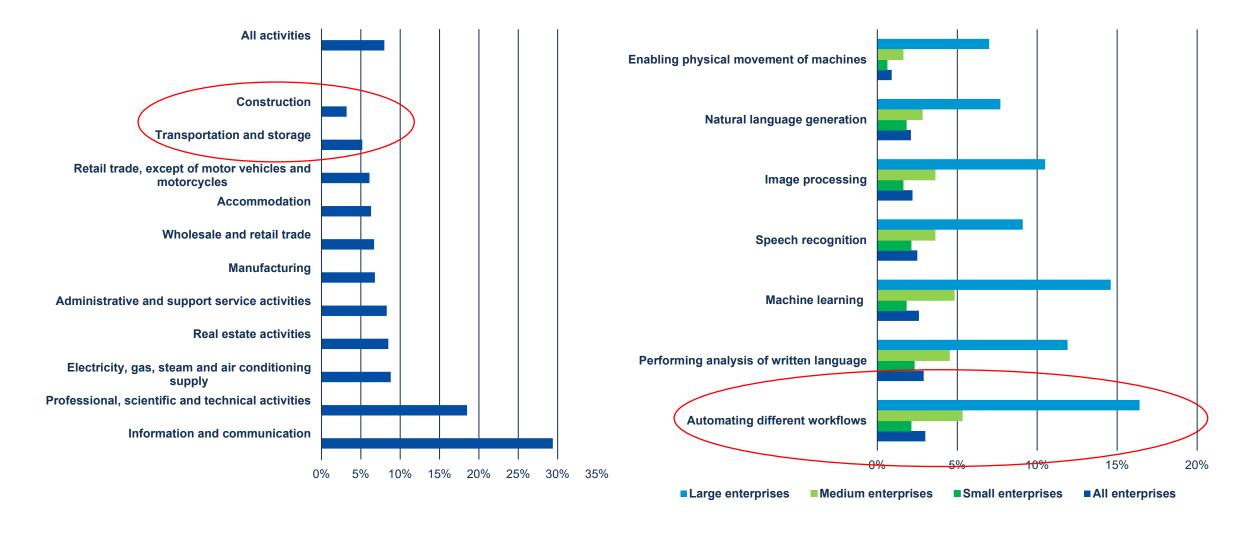


### However, Al adoption in Europe remains slow



Eurofound

### Low take-up in some sectors





### **Automation - Al**

First, there is a popular misperception that AI based industries and tools are autonomous – no, they use a lot of human input (including labour)

Automation proper, or robotics – see <u>Human-robot</u> interaction: What changes in the workplace?
 enterprises using industrial or service robots in the EU: 2018–2022: 6 → 7%





### What's holding us back?

### **Opportunities**

- 1. Productivity gains.
- 2. Greater physical safety.
- 3. Enhanced accuracy and reduced human errors.
- Improved production processes or service delivery

### **Obstacles**

- 1. Limited investment in training and reskilling.
- 2. Limited worker involvement.
- 3. No ethical thinking and human centricity in technology design and implementation.



### Thank you

Chiara.litardi@eurofound.europa.eu





### 5. Digital Skills

5.2 EU policy framework and initiatives on digital skills for the labour market –

presentation by Melina Tasiovasilis, DG EMPL B.3



### Why digital skills matter

European competitiveness.

- Precondition for active participation in society, & wellbeing of European citizens (incl. access services).
- With the widespread use of AI, upskilling will be key to preserve employability.
- Digital technologies and skills also key to meeting goals of the European Green Deal (new technologies in electric vehicles, solar panels will require computer literacy).
- Hence, digital skills are at the top of the EU's political agenda.

### Main challenges and needs on digital skills



over 90% of jobs require digital skills



56% of the adult population in Europe has basic digital skills, we aim for 80%!



lack of staff with adequate digital skills is an obstacle to investment



about 9.8
million ICT
specialists and
digital experts in
Europe, we aim
for 20 million,
including more
women



large difference between MS – NL, FI already > 80% target; BG, RO < 40%

### EU strategic policy framework on digital skills

EUROPEAN SKILLS AGENDA





DIGITAL EDUCATION ACTION PLAN

EUROPEAN PILLAR OF SOCIAL RIGHTS ACTION PLAN





2030 DIGITAL COMPASS

### Structured dialogue on digital education and skills



#### Two Council recommendations

### **Enabling factors for successful digital education**

to support Member States in the digital transformation of their education and training systems by setting out the key enabling factors for high quality and inclusive digital education and training such as **connectivity**, **equipment**, **teacher digital pedagogy and the role of assistive technologies**.

### Improving the provision of digital skills in education and training

to support Member States in facing **common challenges** related to the level of digital skills of different segments of the population and the ability of their education and training systems to support its provision.



### EU initiatives supporting digital upskilling



Pact for Skills

Large-scale Partnership in the digital ecosystem



#### **Digital Skills & Jobs Platform**

- Hosting pledges of the Digital Skills & Jobs Coalition
- Training opportunities
- Digital skills assessment tool





**Osnabrück Declaration** 



**Micro-credentials** 



Individual learning accounts

### **COVEs supporting advanced digital skills**



**Artificial Intelligence, Virtual** reality, and Social innovation https://eulep.eu

Research and

Development

Vocational Education and **Training** 

Business and Industry



**AI4VET4AI** https://www.ai4vet4 ai.eu/

### EU tools to support digital skills



Digital Competence Framework Updated version DigComp 2.2



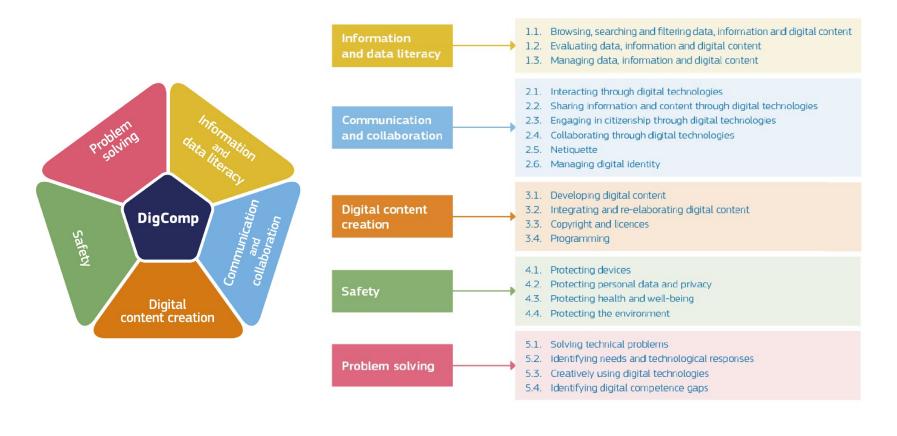
#### **SELFIE**

A self-reflection tool for schools to assess the school's use of digital technology.

It is a tool which brings together perspectives of school leaders, teachers and students.

It is an online tool which can run on any device, such as smart phones, tablets or PC.

## **DigComp:** European Framework for digital competences for citizens **Dimensions 1 and 2**



# **K**ey elements of DigComp 2.2 update to include AI & data related skills

To take account of emerging technologies such as AI, datafication and phenomena such as increased teleworking, disinformation and the new skills requirements they bring, we recently updated the framework (DigComp 2.2).

DigComp 2.2. can be used by education institutions (incl. VET) to update curricula and assess digital skills.

Work is on-going to further elaborate on the skills needed to safely interact with AI systems.



Digital Competence Framework Updated version DigComp 2.2

### Funding instruments to support digital skills

Budget €2 billion for digital skills in 2021-27





Budget €400 million for 100 CoVEs in 2021-27

Budget €23 billion for digital skills and education





Budget €580 million for advanced digital skills



# Thank you very much!





## 5. Digital Skills

## 5.3 Social innovation: a key tool to bridge the digital skill gap

presentation by Mihai Palimariciuc, DG EMPL F.3



## Social Innovation: a key tool to bridge the digital skill gap 28 November 2024

### **EGF** Annual meeting

Mihai PALIMARICIUC, EMPL.F3

## **Policy background**



## Putting people at the heart of the twin transitions

The **European Green Deal** lays out *a* strategy to transform the EU economy into a modern, resource-efficient, fair and competitive economy. **The Digital Decade** is our program to accelerate and deepen the investment in digital technologies, skills and infrastructures.



## Call for proposals



## Social innovations for a fair green and digital transition

### Objective:

"The general objective of this call for proposals is to develop and test integrated and inclusive social innovation approaches – in schools or training centers, at work or in local communities, or other relevant environments - **to foster the** 



# Social innovations for a fair green and digital transition who has applied:

102 applications

The majority of the eligible applications focused on tackling issues related to green and digital skills development (around 45%)

For second place, sustainable behavior promotion activities proposals are tied with ones focusing on digital participatory practices promoting fair transition policies (around 11%)



## **Selected Proposals**



# **DI-MARC** - Digital Marketing Capacity Building - Empowering Persons with Physical Disabilities for Remote Work

#### Participants:

- INSTITUT EKONOMSKIH NAUKA (IES), Serbia (Coordinator)
- EGIONALNA AGENCIJA ZA RAZVOJ I EVROPSKE INTEGRACIJE BEOGRAD DOO BEOGRAD (STARI GRAD) (RADEI), Serbia
- OPCINA ERDUT (ME), Croatia
- PODUZETNICKO-RAZVOJNI CENTAR OPCINE ERDUT LOKALNA RAZVOJNA AGENCIJA (EDCEM), Croatia
- CENTAR ZA PODUZETNISTVO ZA RAZVOJ I PROMOVIRANJE PODUZETNICKOG PONASANJA (CFE) Croatia,
- UDRUGA OSOBA S INTELEKTUALNIM TESKOCAMA JAGLAC ORAHOVICA (JAGLAC), Croatia
- UDRUZENJE OSOBA SA INVALIDITETOM BEOGRAD (UOSI), Serbia
- UDRUZENJE MLADIH SA HENDIKEPOM CRNEGORE PODGÓRICA (AYDM), Montenegro
- MAMM NIKSIC (MAMM), Montenegro
- OPSTINA KOTOR (MK), Montenegro

**Budget:** €826 462.65

Timeline: 24 months (1 October 23 - 30 September 2025)

**Objective:** The focus is put on ensuring and protecting the rights of remote workers, (including platform workers) in Serbia, Croatia, and Montenegro, with consideration of increasing employment of Persons with Physical Disabilities.

For this purpose, **job postings of the most popular remote work platforms will be examined, and the required digital marketing competences will be mapped**. The gap analysis will provide insights into the critical areas for improvement upon which training programs will be designed, prepared, taught (in-person) recorded, edited and hosted on a selected distance learning platform for future use.

# **DI-MARC** - Digital Marketing Capacity Building - Empowering Persons with Physical Disabilities for Remote Work

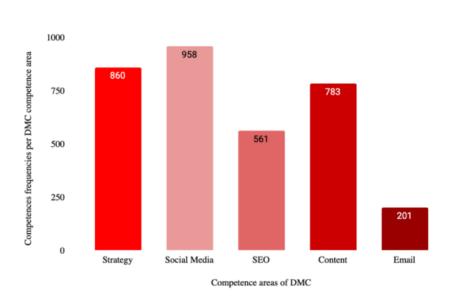


Figure 1. DMC competence areas with the highest frequency (supply) in manually mapped digital marketing remote positions

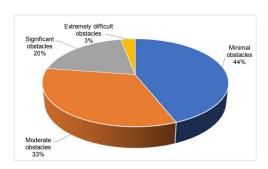


Figure 4. Functional assessment of participants' daily activities and faced obstacles

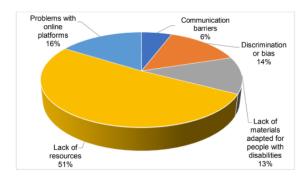


Figure 30. The challenges faced by participants in previous education

# **DI-MARC** - Digital Marketing Capacity Building - Empowering Persons with Physical Disabilities for Remote Work

Understand the basic concepts and importance of digital marketing and branding: what is digital marketing, why it is important for marketing strategies.

**Develop skills in creating and optimizing a brand:** techniques for creating effective brand strategies, building a recognizable image, and optimizing the brand's online presence.

**Learn how to plan and implement digital marketing strategies:** map digital campaigns, plan budgets, and create marketing calendars.

- Gain knowledge in online market research: Participants will learn how to conduct detailed online market research, using accessible tools for data analysis, consumer surveys, and social media monitoring to better understand their target audience.
- Become familiar with tools for performance analysis and tracking: They will learn how to use basic analytical tools to monitor the performance of digital campaigns and understand the basic legal and ethical aspects related to digital marketing, including privacy protection and regulations related to digital content.

# **NewEcoSmart** - New circular and socially responsible business models within Habitat sectors to revitalise rural areas

#### Participants:

- ASOCIACION EMPRESARIAL DE INVESTIGACION CENTRO TECNOLOGICO DEL MUEBLE Y LA MADERA DE LA REGION DE MURCIA, Spain (Coordinator)
- AGRUPACION EMPRESARIAL INNOVADORA DE FABRICANTES DE MUEBLES Y AFINES DE LA REGION DE MURCIA, Spain
- AYUNTAMIENTO DE YECLA, Spain
- SHINE 2EUROPE LDA, Portugal
- AD ELO ASSOCIACAO DE DESENVOLVIMENTO LOCAL DA BAIRRADA E MONDEGO, Portugal
- CENTRO INTERNAZIONALE PER LA PROMOZIONE DELL'EDUCAZIONE E LO SVILUPPO ASSOCIAZIONE, Italy
- UNIVERSITA DEGLI STUDI DI NAPOLI FEDERICO II, Italy
- FUNDACION CTIC CENTRO TECNOLOGICO PARA EL DESARROLLO EN ASTURIAS DE LAS TECNOLOGIAS, Spain

**Budget:** € 902 399.48

**Timeline**: 24 months (1 August 23 – 31 July 25)

Objective:

The main objective of NewEcoSmart is to design and develop an inclusive social innovation approach to **re-/up-skill adults above 45 years old from rural areas** for adjusting to the green and digital transition in their existing jobs or to find new ones in the Habitat related sectors, while also promoting social entrepreneurial skills and mindset that enable the adoption of new processes of production and/or consumption aligned with circular and socially responsible business models.

# **NewEcoSmart** - New circular and social responsible business models within Habitat sectors to revitalise rural areas

### **Learning Toolkit**



#### **NES MOOC**

The NewEcoSmart MOOC platform offers flexible, and high-quality training tailored to the evolving needs of the workforce, especially in rural areas and for those over 45. It emphasizes environmental consciousness, sustainability, digital literacy, entrepreneurship, and soft skills.

Go to page



#### **NES Microlearning Tool**

Microlearnings encourage dynamic learning, allowing people to learn anywhere, anytime. This unique app improves knowledge while learners play. It includes analytics and dashboards to provide insights into users' learning paths.

Go to page



#### **NES Toolbox**

With the NES Toolbox, you can level up your knowledge of the twin transition and entrepreneurship! This toolbox provides online resources like games, platforms, and training courses to deepen your skills.

Go to page

### RAISE-UP

#### Participants:

- FONDAZIONE LINKS LEADING INNOVATION & KNOWLEDGE FOR SOCIETY (LINKS), Italy
- FONDAZIONE PER LA SCUOLA DELLA COMPAGNIA DI SAN PAOLO (FpS) Italy
- KYTTARO ENALLAKTIKON ANAZITISEON NEON (KEAN) Greece
- ZENTRUM FUR SOZIALE INNOVATION GMBH (ZSI)- Austria
- INSTITUT FUER WELTWIRTSCHAFT (ifW Kiel) Germany
- FONDAZIONE PIAZZA DEI MESTIERI MARCOANDREONI ETS (PDM ETS) Italy

**Budget:** € 916,835.92

Timeline: 24 months (1 November 23 – 31 October 25)

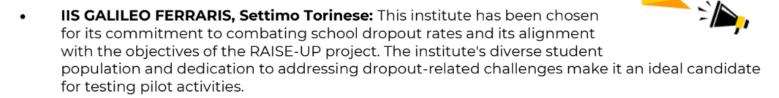
Objective:

The RAISE-UP programme tackles school dropouts with a preventive approach, by supporting vocational maturity and motivation among VET students aged 14-16 years old and increasing schoolteachers' and professional educators' skills. The project will achieve this through capacity building activities (collaborative training sessions/group workshops) intended to improve their skills and knowledge on digitization and green transition. Furthermore, a coaching service (based on voluntary choice) will be provided for schoolteachers, aimed to transfer social strategies to face more "critical cases" of students. Second, VET students will be treated by a class-based intervention, based on the before-mentioned project work, and oriented towards green and digital careers. Furtherly, the class- based measure **includes both attitudes assessment and tutoring**, grounded on the strict collaboration between professional educators and schoolteachers in class.

### **RAISE-UP**

#### **Schools Admitted to the Pilot Program**

We are delighted to announce the selection of two professional institutes to participate in the RAISE-UP pilot program:

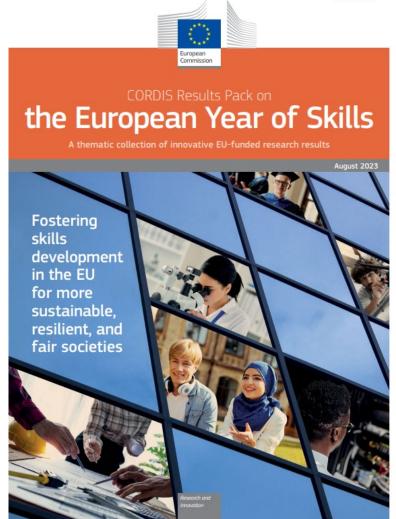


• **IIS Giolitti, Turin:** Selected for its demonstrated need to motivate students and its extensive student body, including a significant number of students with special educational needs (BES). The institute's focus on sustainability and ecological transition further enhances its suitability for participation in the RAISE-UP project.

We extend our heartfelt congratulations to the selected institutes and look forward to working closely with them to achieve our project goals.

# The role of Research and Innovation





## Thank you



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## 5. Digital Skills

5.4 Digital Skills measures in practice – experience and lessons learned from EGF cases (Belgium and Spain)





Before we move to Member States' communication activities and planned events, a reminder on the communication activities that are expected from Member States



### **Communication activities expected from MS**

The Member State has to provide information about the EGF and the measures it co-funds, ensuring that the contribution from the EGF is visible and highlighted.

It is up to the Member State to choose suitable communication actions in accordance with national particularities.



### Communication activities expected from MS

### The minimum requirement:

- → Have a webpage on EGF interventions in the Member State and to keep the page updated.
- →Inform the beneficiaries of the EU co-financing during collective or bilateral information sessions.
- → Inform about the EGF assistance at the location where EGF funded measures take place, using the European flag and the statement 'Co-funded by the EUROPEAN UNION'



## **6. Communication activities**Communication activities expected from MS

A more complete communication package would also include:

- → The use of social media.
- → Information to the press (not limited to the mobilization of the EGF) regarding relevant milestones during the implementation and result achieved.
- → Audiovisual and print materials.
- →Closing or on results conferences

This is not an exhaustive list



## 6.1 Member States' communication activities and planned events



## 6.2 Next EGF Contact Persons meeting and Networking Seminar



## 6.3 AOB and Wrap-up of the meeting





#### DG EMPL study on the future of EU social funds



**Scope of the study:** EY is assisting DG EMPL with the reflection process on the future of EU funding in the area of employment, skills and social inclusion policies, and in particular the European Social Fund Plus (ESF+), the European Globalisation Adjustment Fund (EGF), and the social strand of InvestEU (Invest EU SISW). It will build on other completed and ongoing evaluations on these funds.

#### Consultations activities:

- Objective: collect evidence supporting the study and validation of the policy options
- Mode: For EGF-relevant stakeholders, a survey, although interviews can be arranged if preferred
- <u>Type of questions to be covered:</u> Strengths and weaknesses of current programming; delivery method of the preferred options; opportunities for simplification; coherence
- Who do we want to consult?: Stakeholders with experience and knowledge of the funds in scope e.g. for the EGF contact persons, other relevant implementers, relevant social partners → We are very much open to receiving suggestions of stakeholders to consult
- Timeline: Survey to be completed no later than end of January 2025. Will be launched in the next few weeks.

#### **Contacts:**

- EY: Laura Todaro (<u>laura.todaro@be.ey.com</u>), Camille Guey (<u>camille.guey@be.ey.com</u>)
- European Commission, DG EMPL: Marina Navaro Montilla (marina.navarro-montilla@ec.europa.eu)





13:00 - 14:00

**Networking lunch** 



### **THANK YOU!**

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